## DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, TIRUCHIRAPPALLI

**EE205 ELECTRON DEVICES** Branch: EEE III SEM I Cycle Test Max marks:20 Date:03.09.2014 Duration:3.00p.m-4.00p.m 1. When does reverse breakdown occur in a diode? (1)2. What is the range of operation of a PN junction diode when forward biased? (1) 3. Write down the applications, advantages and disadvantages of tunnel diode. (3) 4. A zener diode has a  $V_z = 7.5V$  and a  $Z_z = 5\Omega$  at a certain current. Draw the equivalent circuit. Draw the V-I characteristics of Zener diode and explain its operation. **(4)** 5. Each diode is described by linearized volt-ampere characteristics, with incremental resistance r and offset voltage  $V_Y$ . In fig.1 diode D1 is made of germanium with  $V_Y=0.2$  V and  $r=20\Omega$ , and D2 is made of silicon with  $V_y=0.6V$  and  $r=15\Omega$ , find the diode current if (a)  $R=10k\Omega$ , (b)  $R=1k\Omega$ . **(2) D1** D2 Fig-1

- 6. If resistivity of the p material is 3.5 $\Omega$ cm, the barrier height  $V_0$  is 0.35Vv, the applied reverse voltage is 5V, and diameter of cross section is 40mm, assume  $\xi = 1.04 \times 10^{-12}$  F/cm,  $\mu_p = 1800$  $\text{cm}^2/\text{v-sec}$ . Find  $C_T$ .
- 7. Find the concentration of holes and electrons in N-type silicon at 300K if the conductivity is  $0.1(\Omega - cm)^{-1}$
- 8. (a) Neglecting the effect of carrier generation and recombination in the space-charge region, find an expression for the capacitance of an ideal p-n junction diode in which the doping concentrations of the p and n-sides are comparable to each other. **(2)** 
  - (b) Express the diffusion capacitance of part (a) in terms of the electron and hole currents  $I_{np}(0)$ and  $I_{pn}(0)$  respectively. (1)
  - (c) Verify the validity of Equation using the charge control model of the p-n junction diode of part (a). (1)
  - (d) How can you modify the result of parts (a) and (b) to obtain the diffusion capacitance of a practical diode where the current –voltage relation is described? **(1)**